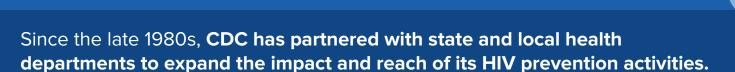
HIV PREVENTION in Massachusetts



CDC awarded \$12.4M in FY2024 to health departments, community-based organizations, and other organizations in Massachusetts for HIV prevention and care activities, including \$2.3M in Ending the HIV Epidemic (EHE) funding.

CDC collects and disseminates data on **6 key indicators.** Current data are available online at **AtlasPlus*** and on **HHS AHEAD**† for each jurisdiction.

22,900
people are living
with HIV in
Massachusetts.

In Massachusetts
between 2018 and 2022,
overall HIV incidence decreased
by 28%, preventing an estimated
580 new HIV infections and
saving \$321.3M in
lifetime medical
costs.

DIAGNOSE all people with HIV as early as possible

Knowledge of Status (2022)

Across the country,

87.2%

of people living with HIV were aware
of their status, meaning approximately
12.8% were unaware and are not getting
the HIV care they need.



CDC is providing free HIV self-test kits to populations disproportionately affected by HIV. CDC and partners have sent out over **750,000** tests.

91.7%

of Massachusettsans with HIV were aware of their status, meaning approximately 8.3% were unaware and are not getting the HIV care they need.

40,442

HIV tests were provided in Massachusetts with CDC funding.



How CDC Dollars Are Improving Diagnosis



- Expanding routine screening of people in health care settings, including emergency departments
- Increasing testing in non-clinical settings (e.g., jails, community serving organizations, street-based services)
- Increasing access to and use of HIV self-tests
- Integrating sexually transmitted infections (STI) and viral hepatitis screening into HIV testing services



^{*} https://www.cdc.gov/nchhstp/about/atlasplus.html

[†] https://ahead.hiv.gov/

TREAT people with HIV rapidly and effectively to reach sustained viral suppression

Viral Suppression (2022)

65.1%

of people across the country, with diagnosed HIV, were virally suppressed.

67.4%

of Massachusettsans, with diagnosed HIV, were virally suppressed.



How CDC Dollars Are Improving Treatment



- Expanding access to rapid HIV treatment including long-acting injectables
- Linking people with HIV to care within one month to facilitate rapid access to HIV medicine
- Integrating HIV, STI, and hepatitis treatment to provide efficient and cost-effective care

PREVENT

new HIV transmissions by using proven interventions, including pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP)

PrEP



PrEP is a medicine that people at risk for HIV take to prevent getting HIV from sex or injection drug use.

Massachusetts's CDC-funded HIV testing programs identified **2,107 persons who were eligible** for PrEP in 2022.

How CDC Dollars Are Improving Prevention



- **Expanding** access to PrEP through innovations such as long-acting injectable PrEP, Post-Exposure Prophylaxis, and focused provider education
- Implementing a whole-person approach to HIV prevention and care to help overcome barriers

RESPOND early to potential HIV clusters or outbreaks

Cutting-edge public health approaches turn HIV data into action by **identifying areas with rapid transmission and expanding resources** to maximize prevention and treatment efforts.

404



clusters of HIV infections reported to CDC from 2022 through 2024.

How CDC Dollars Are Improving Response



- Addressing gaps in prevention and care contributing to rapid transmission
- Engaging communities and partners to respond to outbreaks