2025 NHSN Urinary System Infection (USI) Checklist

Documentation Review Checklist				
USI – Urinary System Infection (kidney, ureter, bladder, urethra, or perinephric space; excluding UTI)				
USI-Urinary System Infection				
Criterion met:				
Elemer	nt		Element Met	Date
Urinary system infections must meet at least <u>one</u> of the following criteria:				
1.	Patie	ent has organism(s) identified from fluid (not urine) or tissue from affected site by a		
		re or non-culture based microbiologic testing method, which is performed for		
		oses of clinical diagnosis or treatment, for example, not Active Surveillance		
		ure/Testing (ASC/AST).		
2.		ent has an abscess or other evidence of infection on gross anatomical exam, during		
		sive procedure, or on histopathologic exam.		
3. Patient has <u>one</u> of the following signs or symptoms:				
	•	Fever (>38.0°C)		
	•	Localized pain or tenderness*		
AND at least one of the following:				
	a.	Purulent drainage from affected site.		
	b.	Organism(s) identified from blood by a culture or non-culture based microbiologic		
		testing method, which is performed for purposes of clinical diagnosis or treatment,		
		for example, not Active Surveillance Culture/Testing (ASC/AST)		
		AND		
		Imaging test evidence definitive for infection (for example, ultrasound, CT scan,		
		magnetic resonance imaging [MRI], or radiolabel scan [gallium, technetium]),		
		which if equivocal is supported by clinical correlation, specifically, physician or		
		physician designee documentation of antimicrobial treatment for urinary system		
		infection.		
 Patient ≤ 1 year of age has at least <u>one</u> of the following signs or symptoms: 				[
	•	Fever (>38.0°C)		
	•	Hypothermia (<36.0°C)		
	٠	Apnea*		
	•	Bradycardia*		
	٠	Lethargy*		
	•	Vomiting*		
AND at least <u>one</u> of the following:				
	a.	Purulent drainage from affected site.		
	b.	Organism(s) identified from blood by a culture or non-culture based microbiologic		
		testing method, which is performed for purposes of clinical diagnosis or treatment,		
		for example, not Active Surveillance Culture/Testing (ASC/AST)		
		AND		
		Imaging test evidence definitive for infection (for example, ultrasound, CT scan,		
		magnetic resonance imaging [MRI], or radiolabel scan [gallium, technetium]),		
		which if equivocal is supported by clinical correlation, specifically, physician		
		documentation of antimicrobial treatment for urinary system infection.		
*With no other recognized cause				
Reporting instruction:				
 Report infections following circumcision in newborns as SST-CIRC. 				

